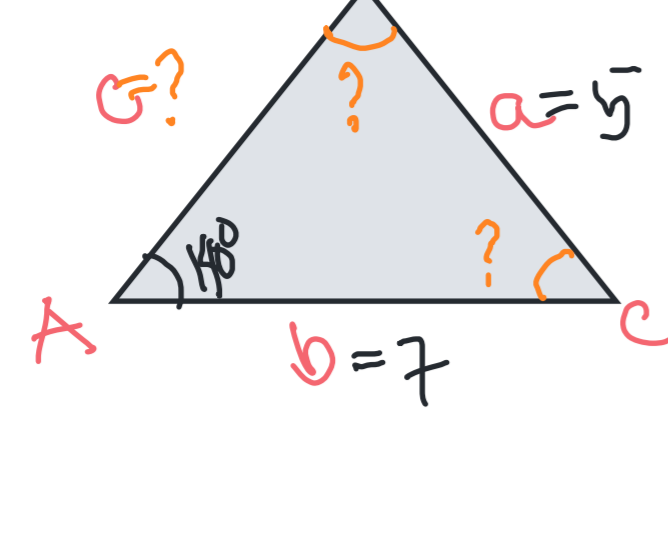


Law of Sine - Ambiguous Case  $0, 1, 2 \Delta$   
 (SSA Case)  $\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$

$A = 40^\circ$   
 $a = 5$   
 $b = 7$



$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$$

$$\frac{\sin 40^\circ}{5} = \frac{\sin B}{7}$$

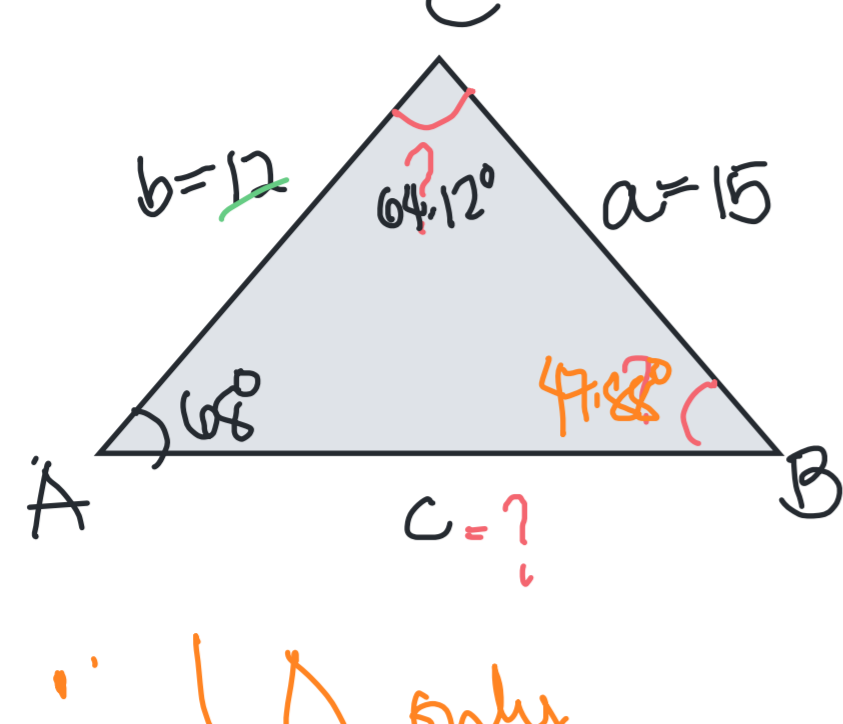
$$7 \sin 40^\circ = 5 \sin B$$

$$\frac{7 \sin 40^\circ}{5} = \sin B$$

$A + B = 40^\circ + 64.15^\circ$   
 $= 104.15^\circ$   
 $\therefore$  no triangle will exist

$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{7 \sin 40^\circ}{5}\right) = B$   
 $64.15^\circ = B$

②  $A = 68^\circ$   
 $a = 15$   
 $b = 12$



$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$$

$$\frac{\sin 68^\circ}{15} = \frac{\sin B}{12}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{12 \sin 68^\circ}{15}$$

$$B = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{12 \sin 68^\circ}{15}\right)$$

$$B = 47.88^\circ$$

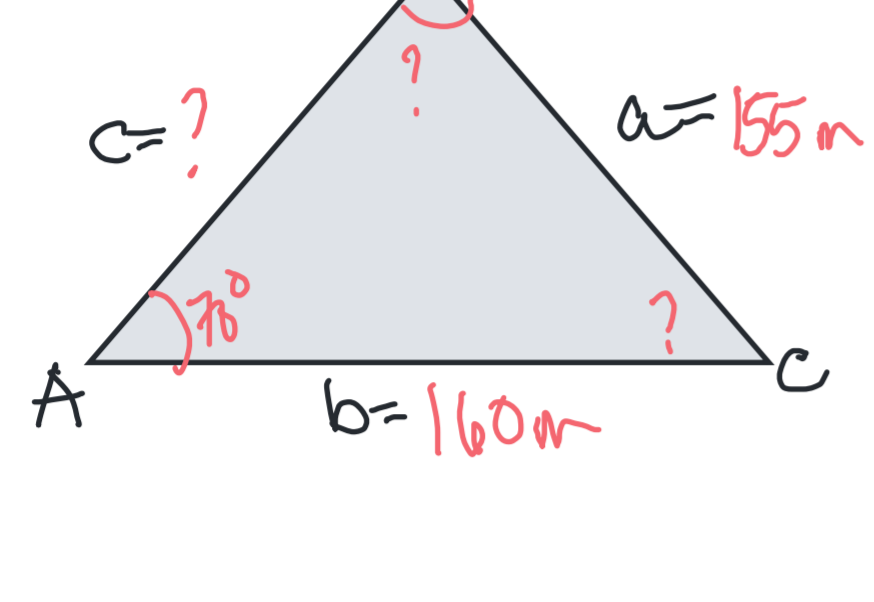
$\therefore$  1  $\Delta$  only  
 $\angle C = 180 - (68 + 47.88^\circ)$   
 $= 64.12^\circ$

$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$   
 $\frac{\sin 68^\circ}{15} = \frac{\sin 64.12^\circ}{c}$   
 $c = \frac{15 \sin 64.12^\circ}{\sin 68^\circ} = 14.75$

Will there be 2  $\Delta$ 's?  
 Get the supplement of  $\angle B$   
 $180 - 47.88^\circ = 132.12^\circ$   
 $\angle A +$  supplement of  $\angle B$   
 $68^\circ + 132.12^\circ = 200.12^\circ$

Side notes  
 If the supplement of the computed angle is added to the original given angle, and they sum up to more than  $180^\circ$ , then there will be no 2nd  $\Delta$ .

③  $A = 70^\circ$   
 $a = 155 \text{ m}$   
 $b = 160 \text{ m}$



$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$$

$$\frac{\sin 70^\circ}{155} = \frac{\sin B}{160}$$

$$B = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{160 \sin 70^\circ}{155}\right)$$

$$B = 75.93^\circ$$

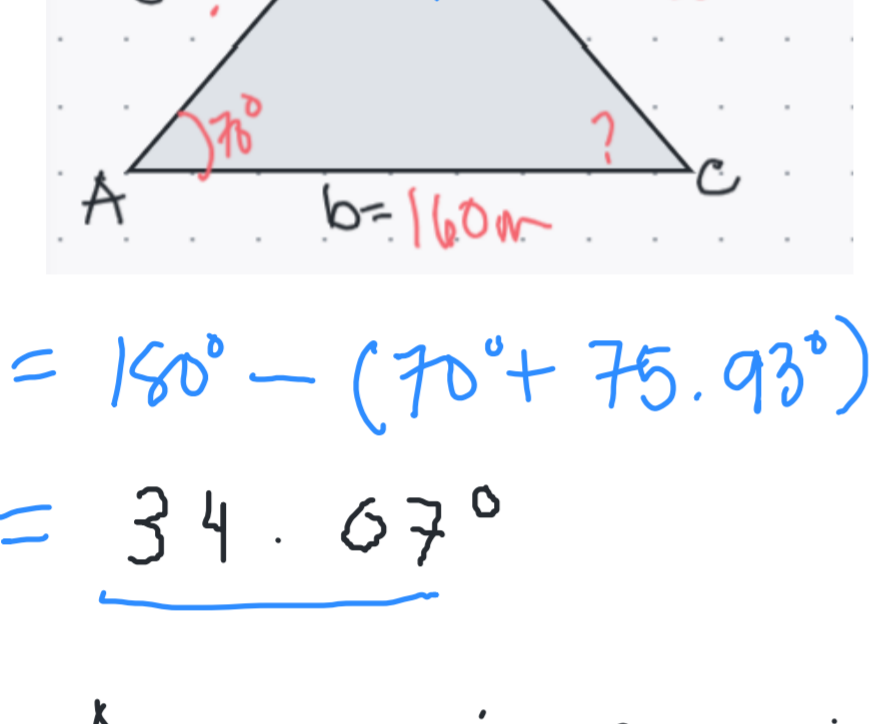
Will there be 2  $\Delta$ 's?  
 To know if there will be a 2nd  $\Delta$ , just subtract the 2nd angle to its supplement ( $180^\circ$ ).

That is,  $180^\circ - 75.93^\circ = 104.07^\circ > 0$

Add the resulting value to the given angle.  
 $104.07^\circ + 70^\circ = 174.07^\circ$

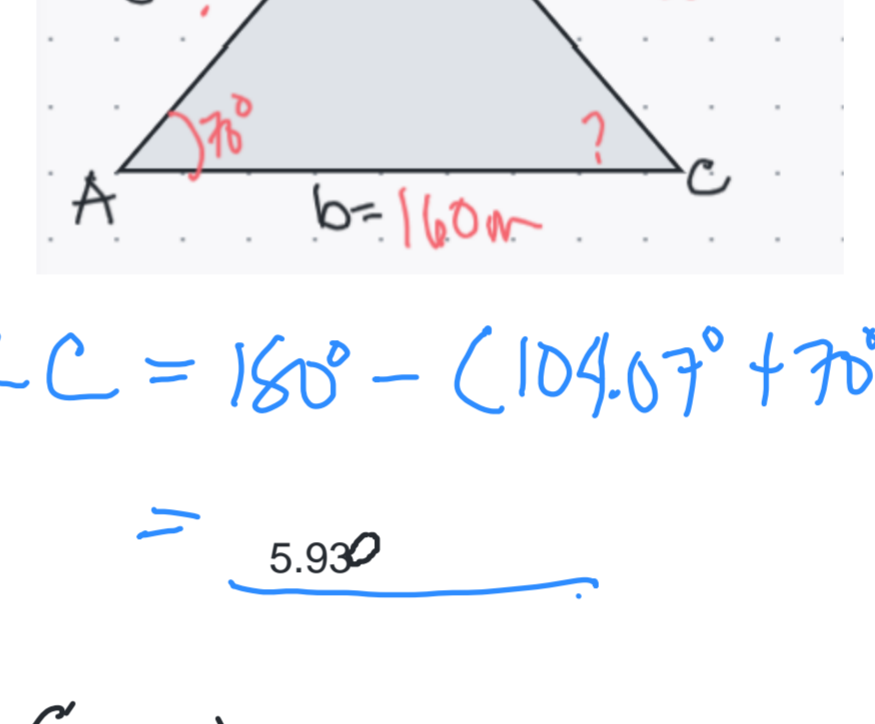
If the resulting value is less than  $180^\circ$ , then you have a 2nd  $\Delta$ . Otherwise, only 1  $\Delta$  can be formed.

Therefore, since  $174.07^\circ$  is less than  $180^\circ$ , we have a 2nd  $\Delta$ .



$\angle C = 180 - (70 + 75.93^\circ)$   
 $= 34.07^\circ$

$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$   
 $\frac{\sin 70^\circ}{155} = \frac{\sin 34.07^\circ}{c}$   
 $c = \frac{155 \sin 34.07^\circ}{\sin 70^\circ}$   
 $= 92.40 \text{ m}$



$\angle C = 180 - (104.07 + 70^\circ)$   
 $= 5.93^\circ$

$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$   
 $\frac{\sin 70^\circ}{155} = \frac{\sin 5.93^\circ}{c}$   
 $c = \frac{155 \sin 5.93^\circ}{\sin 70^\circ}$   
 $= 17.04 \text{ m}$

