

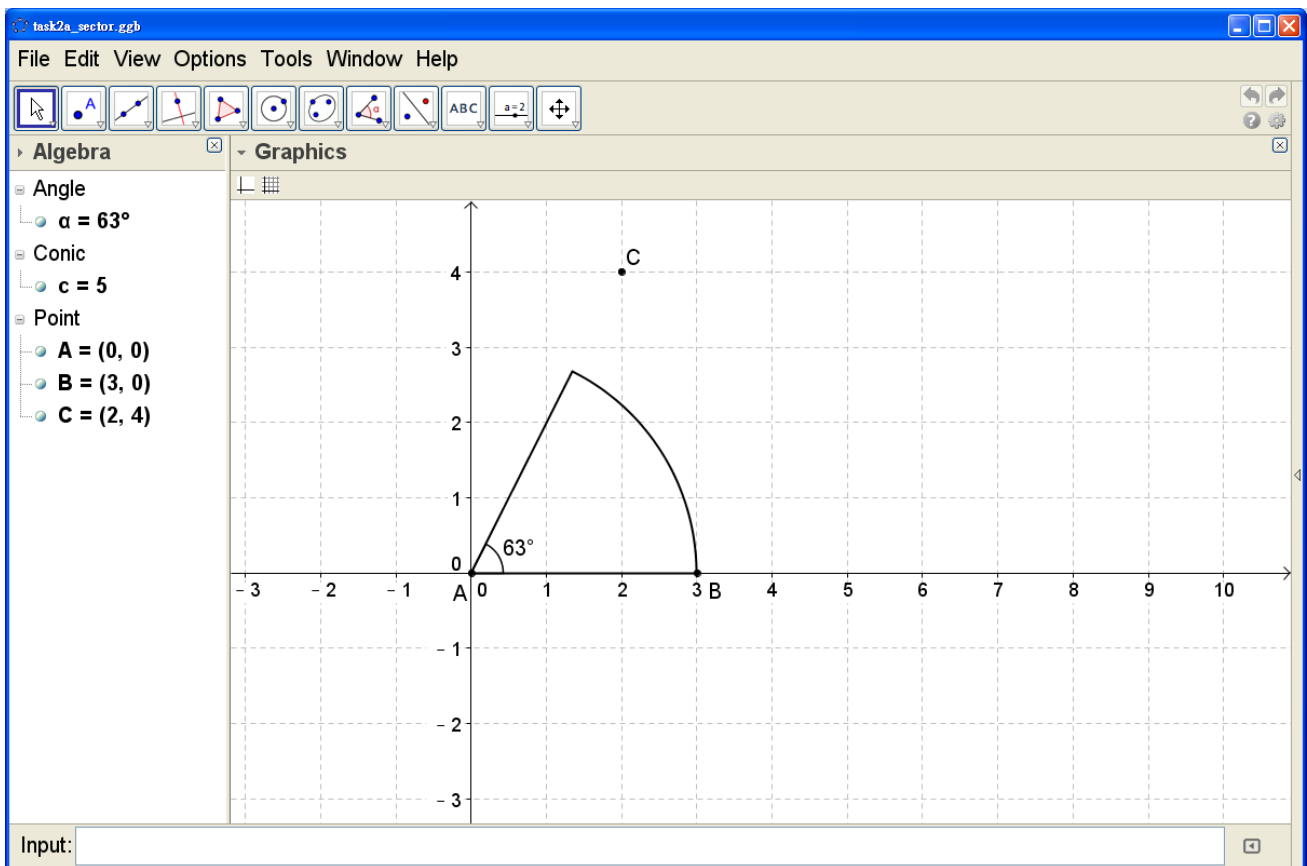







## GeoGebra Tutorial: Drawing a Sector

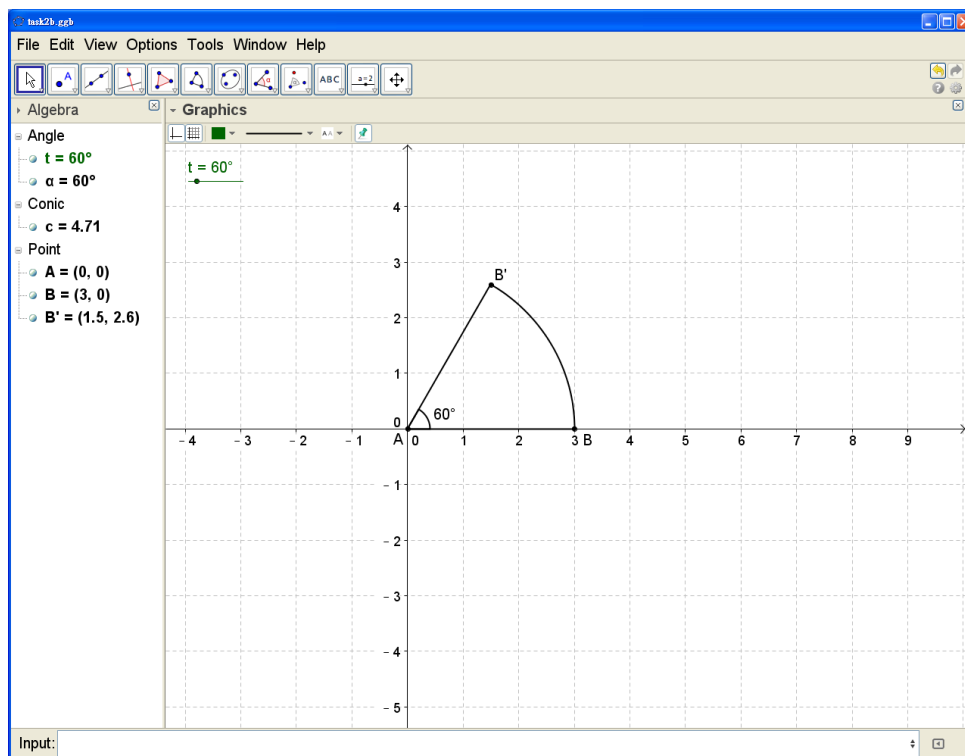
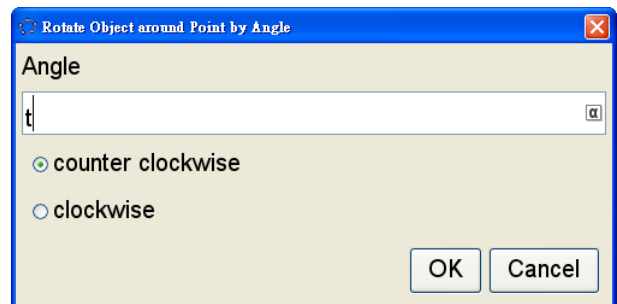
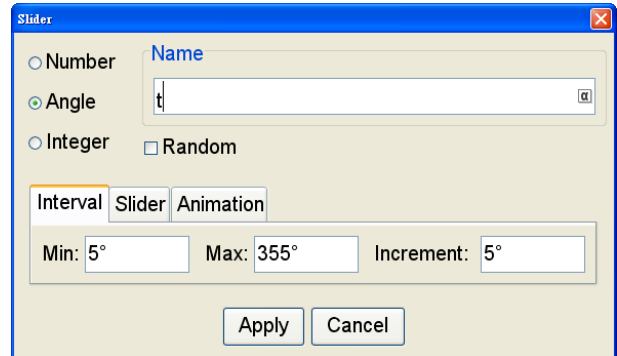
### Task A Drawing a Sector

1. Select the sector tool . Click (0,0), (3,0) and (2,4) in order (called points A, B and C). You should get a sector centered at (0,0) with radius 3.
2. Using the styling bar, adjust the line thickness, color and opacity of the sector.
3. Select the angle tool . Click B, A and C in order to measure the angle at centre ( $63.43^\circ$ ).
4. Using the styling bar, adjust the line thickness, color and opacity of the angle. Show “Value” only. Choose “Options | Rounding | 0 Decimal Places”.
5. Adjust the radius by moving point B and the angle by moving point C.
6. Hide the points, the axes and the grid.



### Task B Drawing a Sector (Alternative method)

- Use the slider tool  to create a slider  $t$  with value from  $5^\circ$  to  $355^\circ$  with  $5^\circ$  increment.
- Using the point tool , create two points at  $(0,0)$  and  $(3,0)$ , called A and B respectively.
- Select the rotation tool , click B and A in order. Enter  $t$  for the angle. An image point  $B'$  should appear.
- Select the sector tool . Click A, B and  $B'$  in order.
- Select the angle tool . Click B, A and  $B'$  in order to measure the angle at centre.
- Using the styling bar, adjust the line thickness, color and opacity of the angle. Show “Value” only. Choose “Options | Rounding | 0 Decimal Places”.
- Adjust the radius by moving point B and the angle by the slider.
- Hide the points, the axes and the grid if necessary.




## Task C Exporting Figures to Microsoft Word

Use the figure drawn in tasks A or B.

### *Method 1: When the margin and the scale are NOT important*

1. Reduce the size of the Graphics view so that the figure is surrounded by appropriate margins.
2. Choose “File | Export | Graphics View to Clipboard”.
3. In Microsoft Word, press “Ctrl+V” to paste the figure.

### *Method 2: When both the margin and the scale are important*

1. Using the point tool  , create two points at, say, (-1,-1) and (4,4). Rename them as “Export\_1” and “Export\_2”. Then the rectangular region defined by the two points would be exported.
2. Hide the points “Export\_1” and “Export\_2”.
3. Choose “File | Export | Graphics View as Picture (png, eps) ...”. Set the scale and resolution if needed. Click “Clipboard”.
4. In Microsoft Word, press “Ctrl+V” to paste the figure.

