

## Latihan Soal Aljabar dengan EMT

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Kelas: Pendidikan Matematika A

**R.2**

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1.

$$(2x^2y)^4$$

```
> $& (2*x^2*y) ^4
```

$$16 x^8 y^4$$

2.

$$\left( \frac{24a^{10}b^{-8}c^7}{12a^6b^{-3}c^5} \right)^{-5}$$

```
> $& ((24*a^10*b^-8*c^7) / (12*a^6*b^-3*c^5)) ^{-5}
```

$$\frac{b^{25}}{32 a^{20} c^{10}}$$

3.

$$\frac{x^{-9}y^{-17}}{z^{-11}}$$

```
> $& (x^-9*y^-17) / (z^-11)
```

$$\frac{z^{11}}{x^9 y^{17}}$$

4.

$$\frac{4(8 - 6)^2 - 4 \times 3 + 2 \times 8}{3^1 + 19^0}$$

```
>$& (4*(8-6)^2-4*3+2*8)/(3^1+19^0)
```

5

5.

$$2^6 \times 2^{-3} \div 2^{10} \div 2^{-8}$$

```
>$& 2^6*2^{-3}/2^{10}/2^{-8}
```

2

### R.3

---

1.

$$(8y^5)(9y)$$

```
>$&showev ('expand(8*y^5)*(9*y))
```

$$9y \ expand \left( 8y^5 \right) = 72y^6$$

2.

$$(2a + 3)(a + 5)$$

```
>$&showev ('expand(2*a+3)(a+5))
```

$$\expand{(2a + 3)(a + 5)} = (2a + 3)(a + 5)$$

2

3.

$$(t^a - 4)(t^a - 7)$$

```
> $&showev ('expand(t^a+4) (t^a-7))
```

$$\text{expand } (t^a + 4) (t^a - 7) = (t^a + 4) (t^a - 7)$$

4.

$$(3x - 2y)(3x + 2y)$$

```
> $&showev ('expand(3*x-2*y) (3*x+2*y))
```

$$\text{expand } (3x - 2y) (2y + 3x) = (3x - 2y) (2y + 3x)$$

5.

$$(x + 1)(x - 1)(x^2 + 1)$$

```
> $&showev ('expand(x+1) * (x-1) * (x^2+1))
```

$$(x - 1) (x^2 + 1) \text{ expand } (x + 1) = (x - 1) (x + 1) (x^2 + 1)$$

**R.4**

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1.

$$y^2 + 12y + 27$$

```
> $& factor(y^2+12*y+27)
```

$$(y + 3) (y + 9)$$

2.

$$m^2 - m - 90$$

```
> $& factor(m^2-m-90)
```

$$(m - 10) (m + 9)$$

3.

$$p^3 - 2p^2 - 9p + 18$$

```
> $& factor(p^3-2*p^2-9*p+18)
```

$$(p - 3) (p - 2) (p + 3)$$

4.

$$250z^4 - 2z$$

```
> $& factor(250*z^4-2*z)
```

$$2 z (5 z - 1) \left(25 z^2 + 5 z + 1\right)$$

5.

$$(x + h)^3 - x^3$$

```
> $& factor((x+h)^3-x^3)
```

$$h \left(3 x^2 + 3 h x + h^2\right)$$

R.5

1.

$$t^2 + 6t = 0$$

```
>sol &= solve(t^2+6*t=0, t); $&sol
```

$$[t = -6, t = 0]$$

2.

$$x^2 + 3x - 28 = 0$$

```
>sol &= solve(x^2+3*x-28=0, x); $&sol
```

$$[x = 4, x = -7]$$

3.

$$3y^2 + 8y + 4 = 0$$

```
>sol &= solve(3*y^2+8*y+4=0, y); $&sol
```

$$\left[ y = -\frac{2}{3}, y = -2 \right]$$

4.

$$3x^3 + 6x^2 - 27x - 54 = 0$$

```
>sol &= solve(3*x^3+6*x^2-27*x-54=0, x); $&sol
```

$$[x = -3, x = -2, x = 3]$$

5.

$$3(2n - 5) - 7 = 4(n - 9)$$

```
>sol &= solve(3*(2*n-5)=4*(n-9), n); $&sol
```

$$\left[ n = -\frac{21}{2} \right]$$

**R.6**

---

1.

$$\frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 4x + 4}$$

```
>$& solve((x^2-4)/(x^2-4*x+4))
```

$$[x = -2]$$

2.

$$\frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{x^2 - 9}$$

```
>$& solve((x^2+2*x-3)/(x^2-9))
```

$$[x = 1]$$

3.

$$\frac{7}{5x} + \frac{3}{5x}$$

```
>$& solve((7/5*x)+(3/5*x))
```

$$[x = 0]$$

4.

$$\frac{y^5 - 5y^4 + 4y^3}{y^3 - 6y^2 + 8y}$$

```
>$& solve((y^5-5*y^4+4*y^3)/(y^3-6*y^2+8*y))
```

$$[y = 0, y = 1]$$

5.

$$\frac{3}{x+2} + \frac{2}{x^2-4}$$

```
>$& solve((3/x+2)+(2/x^2-4))
```

$$\left[ x = -\frac{1}{2}, x = 2 \right]$$

R.7

---

1.

$$\sqrt{-7^2}$$

```
>$& (sqrt(-7)^2)
```

$$-7$$

2.

$$\sqrt{(2b+5)^2}$$

```
>$& (sqrt(2*b+5)^2)
```

$$2b + 5$$

3.

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}$$

```
> $& solve(sqrt(x^2-4*x+4))
```

$$[x = 2]$$

4.

$$\sqrt{72}$$

```
> $& (sqrt(72))
```

$$32^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

5.

$$\sqrt{(a-2)^2}$$

```
> $& (sqrt(a-2)^2)
```

$$a - 2$$

---

2.3

1.

$$h(x) = (4 + 3x)^5$$

```
> $& solve(h(x)=(4+3*x)^5)
```

$$\left[ x = e^{\frac{2i\pi}{5}} h(x)^{\frac{1}{5}}, x = e^{\frac{4i\pi}{5}} h(x)^{\frac{1}{5}}, x = e^{-\frac{4i\pi}{5}} h(x)^{\frac{1}{5}}, x = e^{-\frac{2i\pi}{5}} h(x)^{\frac{1}{5}}, x = h(x)^{\frac{1}{5}} \right]$$

2.

$$h(x) = \frac{1}{(x-2)^4}$$

```
> $& solve((h(x)=1-(x-2)^4))
```

$$\left[ x = 2 - i (1 - h(x))^{\frac{1}{4}}, x = i (1 - h(x))^{\frac{1}{4}} + 2, x = 2 - (1 - h(x))^{\frac{1}{4}}, x = (1 - h(x))^{\frac{1}{4}} + 2 \right]$$

3.

$$h(x) = (\sqrt{x} - 3)^4$$

```
> $& solve((h(x)=(sqrt(x))-3)^4)
```

$$\left[ x = -\sqrt{h^4(x) + \sqrt{x} (12x + 108) + 648} - 27, x = \sqrt{h^4(x) + \sqrt{x} (12x + 108) + 648} - 27 \right]$$

4.

$$h(x) = \frac{x^3 - 1}{x^3 + 1}$$

```
> $& solve(h(x)=(x^3-1)/(x^3+1))
```

$$\left[ x^3 = \frac{-h(x) - 1}{h(x) - 1} \right]$$

5.

$$h(x) = \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x}}$$

```
> $& solve(h(x)=(sqrt(1+(sqrt(1+x))))))
```

$$\left[ h(x) = \sqrt{\sqrt{x+1} + 1} \right]$$

---

3.1

1.

$$(-5 - i) + (6 + 2i)$$

```
> $& (-5-i) + (6+2*i)
```

$$i + 1$$

2.

$$(-3 - 4i) - (8 - i)$$

```
> $& (-3-4*i) - (8-i)
```

$$-3i - 11$$

3.

$$\sqrt{-4} \times \sqrt{-36}$$

```
> $& (sqrt(-4)) * (sqrt(-36))
```

$$-12$$

4.

$$7i(2 - 5i)$$

```
> $& (7*i*(2-5*i))
```

$$7 (2 - 5i) i$$

5.

$$-2i(-8 + 3i)$$

```
> $& (-2*i*(-8+3*i))
```

$$-2i(3i - 8)$$

### 3.4

---

1.

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{t}$$

```
> $& solve(1/4+1/5=1/t)
```

$$\left[ t = \frac{20}{9} \right]$$

2.

$$x - \frac{12}{x} = 1$$

```
> $& solve(x-(12/x)=1)
```

$$[x = -3, x = 4]$$

3.

$$\frac{1}{3x+6} - \frac{1}{x^2-4} = \frac{3}{x-2}$$

```
> $& solve((1/(3*x+6))-(1/(x^2-4))=3/(x-2))
```

$$\left[ x = -\frac{23}{8} \right]$$

4.

$$\sqrt{2x-5} = 2$$

```
> $& solve((sqrt(2*x-5))=2)
```

$$\left[ x = \frac{9}{2} \right]$$

5.

$$\sqrt{7x+4} = x+2$$

```
> $& solve((sqrt(7*x+4))=x+2)
```

$$[x = \sqrt{7x+4} - 2]$$

3.5

---

1.

$$|x + 3| - 2 = 8$$

```
> $& fourier_elim([abs(x+3)-2=8], [x])
```

$$fourier\_elim (|x + 3| - 2 = 8, [x])$$

2.

$$12 - |x + 6| = 5$$

```
> $& fourier_elim([12-abs(x+6)=5], [x])
```

$$fourier\_elim ([12 - |x + 6| = 5], [x])$$

3.

$$|2x - 4| < -5$$

```
> $& fourier_elim([abs(2*x-4)<-5], [x])
```

$$fourier\_elim (|2x - 4| < -5, [x])$$

4.

$$|5 - 2x| > 10$$

```
>$&fourier_elim([abs(5-2*x)>10],[x])
```

$$\text{fourier\_elim}(|2x - 5| > 10, [x])$$

5.

$$|3x - 1| > 5x - 2$$

```
>$&fourier_elim([abs(3*x-1)>5*x-2],[x])
```

$$\text{fourier\_elim}(|3x - 1| > 5x - 2, [x])$$

---

## Chapter 3 Test

1.

$$x + 5\sqrt{x} - 36 = 0$$

```
>$& solve(x+5*(sqrt(x))-36=0)
```

$$[x = 36 - 5\sqrt{x}]$$

2.

$$\frac{3}{3x+4} + \frac{2}{x-1} = 2$$

```
>$& solve(3/(3*x+4)+2/(x-1)=2)
```

$$\left[x = \frac{13}{6}, x = -1\right]$$

3.

$$\sqrt{x+4} - \sqrt{x-4} = 2$$

```
> $& solve((sqrt(x+4))-(sqrt(x-4))=2)
```

$$[\sqrt{x+4} = \sqrt{x-4} + 2]$$

4.

$$|4y - 3| = 5$$

```
> $& fourier_elim([abs(4*y-3)=5], [y])
```

$$fourier\_elim (|4y - 3| = 5, [y])$$

5.

$$|x + 5| > 2$$

```
> $& fourier_elim([abs(x+5)>2], [x])
```

$$fourier\_elim (|x + 5| > 2, [x])$$

**4.1**

---

1.

$$f(x) = x^4 - 4x^2 + 3$$

```
> $& solve(f(x)=x^4-4*x^2+3)
```

$$\left[ x^2 = \sqrt{f(x)+1} + 2, x^2 = 2 - \sqrt{f(x)+1} \right]$$

2.

$$f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 2x + 2$$

```
> $& solve(f(x)=x^3-x^2-2*x+2)
```

$$\left[ x = \left( -\frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 68f(x) - 8}}{23^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{27f(x) - 34}{54} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{7 \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)}{9 \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 68f(x) - 8}}{23^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{27f(x) - 34}{54} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{1}{3}, x = \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 68f(x) - 8}}{23^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{27f(x) - 34}{54} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{7 \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)}{9 \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 68f(x) - 8}}{23^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{27f(x) - 34}{54} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{3} \right]$$

3.

$$f(x) = (x^2 - 5x + 6)^2$$

```
> $& solve(f(x)=(x^2-5*x+6)^2)
```

$$\left[ x = \frac{5}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - 4\sqrt{f(x)}}}{2}, x = \frac{\sqrt{1 - 4\sqrt{f(x)}}}{2} + \frac{5}{2}, x = \frac{5}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{4\sqrt{f(x)} + 1}}{2}, x = \frac{\sqrt{4\sqrt{f(x)} + 1}}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \right]$$

4.

$$f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - x - 3$$

```
> $& solve(f(x)=x^3+3*x^2-x-3)
```

$$\left[ x = \left( -\frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 256}}{23^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{f(x)}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)}{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 256}}{23^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{f(x)}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 1, x = \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 256}}{23^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{f(x)}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)}{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 256}}{23^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{f(x)}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 1 \right]$$

5.

$$(x^2 - 4)^2$$

```
> $& solve((x^2-4)^2)
```

$$[x = -2, x = 2]$$

1.

$$(x^3 - 2x^2 - 8) \div (x + 2)$$

```
> $& solve((x^3 - 2*x^2 - 8) / (x + 2))
```

$$\left[ x = \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)}{9 \left( \frac{4\sqrt{31}}{3^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{116}{27} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \left( \frac{4\sqrt{31}}{3^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{116}{27} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{3}, x = \left( \frac{4\sqrt{31}}{3^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{116}{27} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{4 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)}{9 \left( \frac{4\sqrt{31}}{3^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{116}{27} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right]$$

2.

$$(x^4 - 1) \div (x - 1)$$

```
> $& solve((x^4 - 1) / (x - 1))
```

$$[x = -i, x = i, x = -1]$$

3.

$$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 10x + 24$$

```
> $& solve(f(x) = x^3 - 3*x - 10*x + 24)
```

$$\left[ x = \left( -\frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 1296f(x) + 6764}}{2 \cdot 3^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{f(x) - 24}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{13 \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)}{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 1296f(x) + 6764}}{2 \cdot 3^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{f(x) - 24}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}, x = \left( \frac{\sqrt{27f^2(x) - 1296f(x) + 6764}}{2 \cdot 3^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{f(x) - 24}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right]$$

4.

$$f(x) = x^3 - 12x + 16$$

```
> $& solve(f(x) = x^3 - 12*x + 16)
```

$$\left[ x = \left( -\frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{(f(x) - 32)f(x)}}{2} + \frac{f(x) - 16}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\left( \frac{\sqrt{(f(x) - 32)f(x)}}{2} + \frac{f(x) - 16}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}, x = \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{(f(x) - 32)f(x)}}{2} + \frac{f(x) - 16}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right]$$

5.

$$(x^4 - y^4) \div (x - y)$$

> \$& (x^4 - y^4) / (x - y)

$$\frac{x^4 - y^4}{x - y}$$