## Triangle-Angle Bisector Theorem

1)	Go to <a href="http://tube.geogebra.org/material/simple/id/3114485">http://tube.geogebra.org/material/simple/id/3114485</a> . A quick way to do this is simply to go to <a href="tube.geogebra.org">tube.geogebra.org</a> and then type in the number 3114485 in the "Search Materials" bar.
2)	Slide the slider slowly all the way to the right. Now change the positions of the triangle's vertices. Re-slide the slider slowly. Repeat these actions a few more times, making sure to change the locations of the triangle's vertices each time before re-sliding the slider.
3)	In the beginning of this "story", what does $\overline{CD}$ do to $\angle ACB$ ? How can you tell?
4)	What can you conclude about $\overline{CD}$ and $\overline{BE}$ ? Explain fully how & why you know this to be true.
5)	Write an equation that expresses the relationship among $c_1, c_2, b$ , and $d$ .
6)	What theorem justifies the equation you wrote in (5)? Describe/explain this theorem fully.
7)	What can you conclude about segments $a$ and $d$ ? Describe/explain why you know this to be true.

8) Use your conclusion from (7) to now write *another equation* that expresses the relationship among  $c_1$ ,  $c_2$ , b, and a.

This result is known as the **Triangle-Angle Bisector Theorem!** 

