## **FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT 2.1**

## **INDIVIDUAL PROJECT**

- 1. Plot the points P(-1, 0), Q(0, 1) and R(2, 3) on the graph paper and check whether they are collinear or not.
- 2. Plot the points A(4, -1) and B(2, 1) on a graph paper and draw a line AB joining these points. Then,
  - (i) Write co-ordinates of any one point which lie on this line AB.
  - (ii) Write co-ordinates of any one point which do not lie on this line AB.
- 3. If we plot the points A(-1, 0), B(-1, 1), C(0, 1) and D(0, 0) on Cartesian plane, name the figure formed by joining the points in order.
- 4. Plot the points A(2,3), B(2,1), C(0,1) and D(0,3). Join the points and identify the figure obtained. Find its perimeter.
- 5. Plot the points A(5, 5) and B(-5, 5) in Cartesian plane. Join AB, OA and OB. Name the type of triangle so obtained.
- 6. Mark the points A(2, 2), B(2, -2), C(-2, -2) and D(-2, 2) on a graph paper and join these points in order. Identify the figure so obtained. Also, find the area of the figure.
- 7. Three vertices of rectangle are (3, 2), (-4, 2) and (-4, 5). Plot these points and find the co-ordinates of the fourth vertex.
- 8. Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are (0, 4), (0, 0) and (2, 0) by plotting them on graph.

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- (i) Plot the points A(0, 4), B(-3, 0), C(0, -4), D(3, 0)
- (ii) Name the figure obtained by joining the points A, B, C D.
- (iii) Name the quadrants in which sides AB and AD lie.
- 10.Plot the following points, join them in order and identify the figure thus formed. A(1, 3), B(1, -1), C(7, -1) and D(7, 3). Write the coordinates of the point of intersection of the diagonals.